AspectJ Quick Reference

Aspects

at top-level or **static** in types

aspect A { ... }
 defines the aspect A

privileged aspect A { ... }
 A can access private fields

aspect A extends B { ... }
B is a class or abstract aspect
aspect A implements B { ... }
B is an interface

general form: [privileged] [Modifiers] aspect Id [extends Type] [implements TypeList] { Body }

Pointcut definitions in types

private pointcut pc() : call(void Foo.m()); a pointcut visible only from the defining type pointcut pc(int i) : set(int Foo.x) && args(i); a package-visible pointcut that exposes an int.

public abstract pointcut pc(); an abstract pointcut that can be referred to from anywhere. abstract pointcut pc(Object o);

an abstract pointcut visible from the defining package. Any pointcut that implements this must expose an *Object*.

general form:

abstract [Modifiers] **pointcut** Id (Formals); [Modifiers] **pointcut** Id (Formals): Pointcut;

This is a draft reference sheet corresponding to AspectJ 1.1beta2.

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Advice declarations

in aspects

before () : *get(int Foo.y)* { ... } runs before reading the field *int Foo.y*

after () returning : call(int Foo.m(int)) { ... }
runs after calls to int Foo.m(int) that return normally.
after () returning (int x) : call(int Foo.m(int)) { ... }
same, but the return value is named x in the body.

after () : *call(int Foo.m(int))* { ... } runs after calls to *int Foo.m(int)* regardless of how returned

before(int i) : set(int Foo.x) && args(i) { ... }
runs before field assignment to int Foo.x. The value to be
assigned is named i in the body

before(Object o) : set(* Foo.*) && args(o) { ... }
runs before field assignment to any field of Foo. The value
to be assigned is converted to an object type (int to Integer,
for example) and named o in the body

int around () : call(int Foo.m(int)) { ... }
runs instead of calls to int Foo.m(int), and returns an int. In
the body, continue the call by using proceed(), which has
the same signature as the around advice.

- *int* **around** () **throws** *IOException* :
 - *call(int Foo.m(int))* { ... }

same, but the body is allowed to throw IOException

Object around () : call(int Foo.m(int)) { ... }
same, but the value of proceed() is converted to an Integer,
and the body should also return an Integer which will be
converted into an int

general form:

[strictfp] AdviceType : Pointcut { Body }
where AdviceType is one of
 before (Formals)
 after (Formals)
 after (Formals) returning [(Formal)]
 after (Formals) throwing [(Formal)]
 Type around (Formals) [throws TypeList]

Special forms

in advice

thisJoinPoint

reflective information about the join point.

thisJoinPointStaticPart

the equivalent of **thisJoinPoint.getStaticPart**(), but may use fewer resources.

thisEnclosingJoinPointStaticPart

the static part of the join point enclosing this one.

proceed (*Arguments*)

only available in **around** advice. The *Arguments* must be the same number and type of the parameters of the advice.

Inter-type Member Declarations in aspects

int Foo.m(*inti*){...}

a method *int m(int)* owned by *Foo*, visible anywhere in the defining package. In the body, **this** refers to the instance of *Foo*, not the aspect.

only visible in the defining aspect. In the body, **this** refers to the instance of *Foo*, not the aspect.

abstract *int Foo* . *m* (*int i*) ; an abstract method *int m*(*int*) owned by *Foo*

Point . **new** (*int* x, *int* y) { ... }

a constructor owned by *Point*. In the body, **this** refers to the new *Point*, not the aspect.

private static *int Point* . *x* ;

a static *int* field named *x* owned by *Point* and visible only in the declaring aspect

private *int* Point $\cdot x = foo()$;

a non-static field initialized to the result of calling *foo()*. In the initializer, **this** refers to the instance of *Foo*, not the aspect.

general form:

[Modifiers] Type Type . Id (Formals) [throws TypeList] { Body } abstract [Modifiers] Type Type . Id (Formals) [throws TypeList] ; [Modifiers] Type . new (Formals) [throws TypeList] { Body } [Modifiers] Type Type . Id [= Expression] ; Other Inter-type Declarations in aspects declare parents : C extends D; declares that the superclass of C is D. This is only legal if D is declared to extend the original superclass of C. declare parents : C implements I. J : *C* implements *I* and *J* **declare warning** : *set*(* *Point*.*) && !*within*(*Point*) : "bad set" : the compiler warns "bad set" if it finds a set to any field of *Point* outside of the code for *Point* **declare error** : *call(Singleton.new(..))* : "bad construction": the compiler signals an error "bad construction" if it finds a call to any constructor of Singleton **declare soft** : *IOException* :

execution(Foo.new(..)); any IOException thrown from executions of the constructors of *Foo* are wrapped in **org.aspectj.SoftException**

declare precedence : *Security, Logging,* * ; at each join point, advice from *Security* has precedence over advice from *Logging*, which has precedence over other advice.

general form

declare parents : TypePat extends Type ; declare parents : TypePat implements TypeList ; declare warning : Pointcut : String ; declare error : Pointcut : String ; declare soft : TypePat : Pointcut ; declare precedence : TypePatList ;

Primitive Pointcuts

call (void Foo.m(int))
 a call to the method void Foo.m(int)
call (Foo.new(..))
 a call to any constructor of Foo
execution (* Foo.*(..) throws IOException)
 the execution of any method of Foo that is declared to
 throw IOException
execution (!public Foo .new(..))
 the execution of any non-public constructor of Foo

initialization (*Foo.new(int*)) the initialization of any Foo object that is started with the constructor *Foo(int*) **preinitialization** (*Foo.new(int*)) the pre-initialization (before the super constructor is called) that is started with the constructor *Foo(int)* staticinitialization(*Foo*) when the type *Foo* is initialized, after loading **get** (*int Point.x*) when *int Point*.*x* is read **set** (!private * Point.*) when any non-private field of Point is assigned **handler** (*IOException*+) when an *IOException* or its subtype is handled with a catch block adviceexecution() the execution of all advice bodies

within (com.bigboxco.*)
 any join point where the associated code is defined in the
 package com.bigboxco
withincode (void Figure.move())

any join point where the associated code is defined in the method *void Figure.move()*

withincode (com.bigboxco.*.new(..))
 any join point where the associated code is defined in any
 constructor in the package com.bigoxco.

cflow (call(void Figure.move()))
 any join point in the control flow of each call to void
 Figure.move(). This includes the call itself.
cflowbelow (call(void Figure.move()))

any join point below the control flow of each call to *void Figure.move()*. This does not include the call.

if (*Tracing.isEnabled()*)

any join point where *Tracing.isEnabled()* is **true**. The boolean expression used can only access static members, variables bound in the same pointcut, and **thisJoinPoint** forms.

this (Point)
 any join point where the currently executing object is an
 instance of Point

target (java.io.InputPort)
 any join point where the target object is an instance of
 java.io.InputPort
args (java.io.InputPort, int)

any join point where there are two arguments, the first an instance of *java.io.InputPort*, and the second an *int*

args (*, int)

any join point where there are two arguments, the second of which is an *int*.

args (short, .., short)

any join point with at least two arguments, the first and last of which are *short*s

any position in **this**, **target**, and **args** can be replaced with a variable bound in the advice or pointcut.

general form: call(MethodPat) call(ConstructorPat) execution(MethodPat) execution(ConstructorPat) initialization(ConstructorPat) staticinitialization(ConstructorPat) get(FieldPat) set(FieldPat) handler(TypePat) adviceexecution()

within(TypePat)
withincode(MethodPat)
withincode(ConstructorPat)

cflow(Pointcut)
cflowbelow(Pointcut)

if(Expression)

this(*Type* | *Var*)

target(*Type* | *Var*) args(Type | Var, ...) where *MethodPat*: [ModifiersPat] TypePat [TypePat .] IdPat (TypePat, ...) [throws ThrowsPat] *ConstructorPat*: [ModifiersPat] [TypePat.] **new** (TypePat, ...) [throws ThrowsPat] FieldPat: [ModifiersPat] TypePat [TypePat .] IdPat TypePat: IdPat [+] [[] ...] ! TypePat TypePat && TypePat TypePat || TypePat (TypePat)